IN THE CLAIMS:

1. - 6. cancelled

7. (currently amended) A method for facilitating pre-loading information content to caches for information appliances, comprising:

creating a new scheduled pre-loading upon instruction by a user; and storing information concerning at least one event associated with the scheduled pre-loading, wherein the information comprises at least one of:

the location of the event;

the type of the event; and

the date and time when the event takes place; and

deleting an existing scheduled pre-loading upon instruction by the user, wherein the deleting comprises the steps of:

receiving a request to delete a scheduled pre-loading, wherein the require is associated with an event;

retrieving a network address of a proxy server and a transaction identifier unique to the scheduled pre-loading;

transmitting a request to delete the scheduled pre-loading to the proxy server, wherein the request contains the transaction identifier; and

deleting the network address of the proxy server and the transaction identifier.

8. - 9. cancelled

10. (currently amended) The method of claim 9 7 further comprising: retrieving a network address of a temporary proxy server if the destination associated with the event was not specified when the pre-loading was scheduled.

11. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein the creating step further comprises:

receiving a request to create a scheduled pre-loading, wherein the request is associated with an event;

receiving a network address of a proxy server, wherein the proxy server contains a cache associated with a second information appliance associated with the event;

transmitting a request to pre-load the information content to the proxy server; receiving an acknowledging message from the proxy server, wherein the message contains a transaction identifier unique to the request; and

storing the network address of the proxy server and the transaction identifier in association with the event.

- 12. (original) The method of claim 11, further comprising:
 receiving a network address of a temporary proxy server if the destination associated with the event has not yet been specified.
- 13. (original) The method of claim 11, wherein a storage means for a plurality of proxy directories contains a plurality of proxy addresses associated with a plurality of locations where the pre-loaded information content can be used.
- 14. (original) The method of claim 13, wherein the plurality of locations where the pre-loaded information content can be used comprises at least one of the following:

an aircraft;

a hotel;

a rental car;

a location within a university;

an internet service provider; and

an automobile.

15. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein the proxy directory for the aircraft comprises:

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name of an airline;

- a flight number;
- a departure date and time associated with the flight number; and the associated proxy address.

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16. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein the proxy directory for the hotel comprises:

name of a hotel;

an identifier uniquely associated with a reservation made by a user; and the associated proxy address.

17. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein the proxy directory for the rental care comprises:

an identifier uniquely associated with a reservation for the rental car made by a user; and

the associated proxy address.

- 18. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein the proxy directory for the location within a university comprises:
 - a name of a university;
 - a name of a building within the university;
 - a room number within the building; and

the associated proxy address.

- 19. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein the proxy directory for the internet service provider comprises:
 - an indicator identifying the user subscribed to the internet service provider; and the associated proxy address.
- 20. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein the proxy directory for the automobile comprises:

an identifier uniquely associated with the automobile; and the associated proxy address.

21. (currently amended) A method for facilitating pre-loading information content to caches for information appliances, comprising:

processing a request to create a new scheduled pre-loading; and executing one or more pre-loadings according to a scheduled table; and processing a request to delete an existing scheduled pre-loading by

receiving a request to delete a pre-loading, the request containing a unique identifier associated with the pre-loading;

reading the scheduled table to identify an entry with a matching unique identifier;

deleting the identified entry from the scheduled table; and transmitting an acknowledgement to the requestor.

22. - 24. cancelled

25. (currently amended) The method according to claim 21, wherein processing the request to create a <u>new scheduled</u> pre-loading further comprises:

receiving a request to recreate a pre-loading;

generating a unique identifier associated with the request for pre-loading; adding the request to the scheduled table; and

transmitting the unique identifier associated with the request for pre-loading and a proxy address where the pre-loading takes place to the requestor.

26. (original) The method according to claim 21, wherein executing one or more pre-loadings according to a scheduled table comprises:

idling for a predetermined period of time;

setting a counter equal to number of entries in the scheduled table; reading an entry in the scheduled table at a position equal to the counter; and reading the indication for status of pre-loading.

27. (original) The method according to claim 26, wherein if the indication shows that pre-loading has not started, executing one or more pre-loadings according to a scheduled table further comprises:

reading the time duration for the information content to be pre-loaded to determine that it is after the current time;

pre-loading the information content;

setting the indication for status of pre-loading to pre-load completed;

decrementing the counter;

reading the counter, wherein if the counter reads less than zero, then returning to idle for a predetermined period of time, and if the counter does not read less than zero, then returning to reading an entry in the scheduled table at a position equal to the counter.

- 28. (original) The method of claim 27, wherein if the time duration for the information content to be pre-loaded is determined to be after the current tie, then immediately decrement the counter.
- 29. (original) The method of claim 21, further comprising a method for generating financial charges for pre-loading information content, comprising: monitoring activities of a plurality of proxy servers; and generating billing to a user depending on the activities.

30. - 35. cancelled

36. (currently amended) A method for facilitating pre-loading information content to caches for information appliances, comprising:

creating a new scheduled pre-loading if instructed by a user, wherein the creating step comprises:

receiving a request to create a scheduled pre-loading, wherein the request is associated with an event;

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receiving a network address of the information content from a fist information appliance;

receiving a network address of a proxy server, wherein the proxy server contains a cache associated with a second information appliance associated with the event;

transmitting a request to pre-load the information content to the proxy server;

receiving an acknowledging message from the proxy server, wherein the message contains a transaction identifier unique to the request; and

storing the network address of the proxy server and the transaction identifier in association with the event; and

deleting an existing scheduled pre-loading if instructed by the user, wherein the deleting step comprises:

receiving a request to delete a scheduled pre-loading, wherein the request is associated with an event;

retrieving a network address of a proxy server and a transaction identifier unique to the scheduled pre-loading;

transmitting a request to delete the scheduled pre-loading to the proxy server, wherein the request contains the transaction identifier; and

deleting the network address of the proxy server and the transaction identifier.

37. cancelled

38. (currently amended) The method of claim 36 37, wherein the deleting step further comprises:

retrieving a network address of a temporary proxy server if the destination associated with the event was not specified when the pre-loading was scheduled.

39. (original) The method according to claim 36, further comprising:

storing information concerning at least one event associated with the scheduled pre-loading, wherein the information comprises at least one of:

the location of the event; the type of the event; and the date and time when the event takes place.

40. (original) The method of claim 36, wherein the creating step further comprises:

receiving a network address of a temporary proxy server if the destination associated with the event has not yet been specified.

- 41. (original) The method of claim 36, wherein a storage means for a plurality of proxy directories contains a plurality of proxy addresses associated with a plurality of locations where the pre-loaded information can be used.
- 42. (original) The method of claim 41, wherein the plurality of locations where the pre-loaded information content can be used comprises at least one of the following:

an aircraft;

a hotel;

a rental car;

a location within a university;

an internet service provider; and

an automobile.

43. (original) The method of claim 42, wherein the proxy directory for the aircraft comprises:

name of an airline;

a flight number;

a departure date and time associated with the flight number; and the associated proxy address.

44. (original) The method of claim 42, wherein the proxy directory for the hotel comprises:

name of a hotel;

an identifier uniquely associated with a reservation made by a user; and the associated proxy address.

45. (original) The method of claim 42, wherein the proxy directory for the rental car company comprises:

an identifier uniquely associated with a reservation for the rental car made by a user; and

the associated proxy address.

46. (original) The method of claim 42, wherein the proxy directory for the location within a university comprises:

name of a university; name of a building within the university; a room number within the building; and the associated proxy address.

47. (original) The method of claim 42, wherein the proxy directory for the internet server provider comprises:

an indicator identifying that the user is a subscriber of the internet service provider; and

the associated proxy address.

48. (original) The method of claim 42, wherein the proxy directory for the automobile comprises:

an identifier uniquely associated with the automobile; and the associated proxy address.

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49. (currently amended) A method for facilitating pre-loading information content to caches for information appliances, comprising:

processing a request to create a new scheduled pre-loading, comprising:

receiving a request to create a pre-loading;

generating a unique identifier associated with the request for pre-loading;

adding the request to the scheduled table; and

transmitting the unique identifier associated with the request for pre-

loading and a proxy address where the pre-loading takes place to the requestor; and

processing a request to delete an existing scheduled pre-loading, comprising:

receiving a request to delete a pre-loading, the request containing a unique identifier associated with the pre-loading.

reading the scheduled table to identify an entry with a matching unique identifier;

deleting the identified entry from the scheduled table; and transmitting an acknowledgement to the requestor; and executing one or more pre-loads according to a scheduled table.

50. cancelled

51. (original) The method according to claim 49, wherein the scheduled table comprises:

a unique identifier associated with the pre-loading;

an indicator identifying the user who made the request for the pre-loading;

an address of the information content;

a starting position for pre-loading in the information content;

the time duration for the information content to be pre-loaded; and

an indication for status of pre-loading, comprising at least one of the following

indicators:

pre-loading not started; pre-loading in progress; and pre-loading completed.

52. (original) The method according to claim 49, wherein executing one or more pre-loads according to a scheduled table comprises:

idling for a predetermined amount of time; setting a counter to equal to a number of entries in the scheduled table; reading an entry in the scheduled table at a position equal to the counter; and reading the indication for status of pre-loading.

53. (original) The method according to claim 52, wherein if the indication shows that pre-loading has not started, executing one or more pre-loadings according to a scheduled table further comprises:

reading the time duration for the information content to be pre-loaded to determine that it is after the current time;

pre-loading the information content; setting the indication for status of pre-loading to pre-load completed; decrementing the counter;

reading the counter, wherein if the counter reads less than zero, then returning to idle for a predetermined period of time, and if the counter does not read less than zero, then returning to reading an entry in the scheduled table at a position equal to the counter.

54. (original) The method of claim 53, wherein if the time duration for the information content to be pre-loaded is determined to be after the current time, then immediately decrement the counter.